## VOCABULARY

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.


# Describing What Is Possible 1 Modal verb 'be able to’ 

## Page 3

We use "be able to" to express ability. "Able" is an adjective meaning: having the power, skill, or means to do something.

If we say "I am able to swim", it is like saying "I can swim".
We sometimes use be able to instead of "can" or "could" for ability.
"Be able" to is possible in all tenses - but "can" is possible only in the present and "could" is possible only in the past for ability.

Examples of be able to:
I am able to read and write.
He is able to drive a car.

## Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He is able to count the numbers six to ten in the book.
2. They are able to cut the paper into two equal parts.
3. Four plus four equals eight.
4. The students are able to draw two figures of animals.
5. We are able to read the main part of the book.
6. She is able to buy a pair of glasses.
7. Sam is able to write the correct spelling of the word table.

## Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. main
2. pair
3. able
4. table
5. paper
6. count
7. equal
8. scissors
9. draw
10. correct

## Vowel Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.
1.main
2. able
3. table
4. paper
5. boots
6. spell
7. buy

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. My father is able to drive a car.
2. My mother is able to drive a car.
3. My brother is able to drive a car.
4. My sister is able to drive a car.
5. My friend is able to drive a car.

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. My mother is able to buy a pair of glasses.
2. My mother is able to buy a pair of scissors.
3. My mother is able to buy a pair of shoes.
4. My mother is able to buy a pair of pants.
5. My mother is able to buy a pair of boots.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. I am able to count.
2. I am able to count the numbers.
3. I am able to count the numbers six to ten.
4. I am able to count the numbers six to ten in the book.
5. I am able to count the numbers six to ten in the old book.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. We are able to read.
2. We are able to read the book.
3. We are able to read the main part of the book.
4. We are able to read the main part of the English book.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. He is able to count the numbers six to ten in the book. Repeat.
2. He is able to count the numbers six to ten in the book. Transform: what.
3. He is able to count the numbers six to ten in the book. Transform: who.
4. He is able to count the numbers six to ten in the book. Transform: where.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. The students are able to draw two figures of animals. Repeat.
2. The students are able to draw two figures of animals. Transform: what.
3. The students are able to draw two figures of animals. Transform: who.
4. The students are able to draw two figures of animals. Transform: how many.
5. What are they able to cut into two equal parts?
6. How many figures of animals are the students able to draw?
7. Which part of the book are they able to read?
8. What is she able to buy?
9. Which word is Sam able to write the correct spelling of?

## Consonant Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. count
2. figure
3. cut
4. four
5. draw
6. correct

## Sound (Phoneme) Matching Drill

Identify which underlined letters are the same sound.
to
paper
number
cut
two
table

## Minimal Pair Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. correct, collect
2. word, world
3. write, light

## Open Questions Exercise

## Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. When did you learn how to count?
2. Are you able to spell well?
3. Can you cut a piece of paper into two equal parts?
4. Is it easy to draw figures of animals? Why or why not?
5. Can you easily remember the main part of a story? If yes, why?
6. If not, which part do you find easy to remember? G2

## VOCABULARY

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.

# Talking About the Frequency of Events Adverbs of frequency 

We often use adverbs of frequency to say how often we do something. Always, often, sometimes andnever are some of the most commonly used adverbs of frequency.

## Examples:

I always go to school at seven o'clock.
I often go shopping on Saturdays.

## Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. I always drink coffee at lunchtime.
2. We often think about traveling in the future.
3. They always have a hard time remembering dates.
4. My mother and father often meet here at three o'clock.
5. She calls me daily.
6. My mother often takes a walk shortly after lunch.

## Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

7. They always ask me about my future plans.
8. We sometimes think about what will happen tomorrow.
9. We often took the train two years ago.
10. I never called this number yesterday.
11. He never calls me in the evenings.
12. I will not call him tonight.
13. I usually go to bed at a quarter to 10 p.m.

## Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. lunchtime
2. tomorrow
3. daily
4. o'clock
5. quarter
6. future
7. drink
8. think
9. coffee
10. restaurant

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. Sarah and Claire often meet here at five o'clock.
2. They often meet here at five o'clock.
3. They often drink coffee at five o'clock.
4. They often drink tea at five o'clock.
5. They never drink tea at five o'clock.

# Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill 

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. I often drink milk at eight o'clock. Repeat.
2. I often drink milk at eight o'clock. Change: we.
3. We often drink milk at eight o'clock. Change: coffee.
4. We often drink coffee at eight o'clock. Change: always.
5. We always drink coffee at eight o'clock. Change: six o'clock.
6. We always drink coffee at six o'clock. Change: they.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. I always drink coffee in the morning.
2. I always drink coffee at seven o'clock in the morning.
3. I always drink coffee at seven o'clock in the morning and at lunchtime.
4. I always drink coffee at seven o'clock in the morning, at lunchtime and at about four o'clock.
5. I always drink coffee at seven o'clock in the morning, at lunchtime and at about four o'clock in the afternoon.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. I sometimes go jogging.
2. I sometimes go jogging and swimming.
3. I sometimes go jogging and swimming at five o'clock.
4. I sometimes go jogging and swimming at five o'clock in the afternoon.
5. I sometimes go jogging and swimming at five o'clock in the afternoon after work.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. They always meet at a restaurant in the afternoon. Repeat.
2. They always meet at a restaurant in the afternoon. Transform: where.
3. They always meet at a restaurant in the afternoon. Transform: how often.
4. They always meet at a restaurant in the afternoon. Transform: when.
5. They always meet at a restaurant in the afternoon. Transform: who.
6. They always meet at a restaurant in the afternoon. Transform: what.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. We sometimes drink coffee in the office at lunchtime. Repeat.
2. We sometimes drink coffee in the office at lunchtime. Transform: what.
3. We sometimes drink coffee in the office at lunchtime. Transform: who.
4. We sometimes drink coffee in the office at lunchtime. Transform: where.
5. We sometimes drink coffee in the office at lunchtime. Transform: how often.
6. We sometimes drink coffee in the office at lunchtime. Transform: when.

## Minimal Pair Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. train, rain
2. think, drink
3. often, open

## Open Questions Exercise

## Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. What are the things you do daily?
2. How often do you go out with your family?
3. Do you often think about what will happen tomorrow? Why or why not?
4. What are your plans for tonight?
5. Did you do anything special yesterday?
6. What were your plans ten years ago?
7. Do you always go to bed at a quarter to 10 p.m.? G3

## VOCABULARY

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.

# Talking About Using Things <br> Talking About Events with Someone Talking About What People Have and Don't Have Using 'with' and 'without' 

In this lesson, we will discuss three uses of with and without. The opposite of with is without.

1. Talking About Using Things

Examples: I write with a pen. I I eat with a spoon.
2. Talking About Events with Someone

Examples: She goes to school with her brother./ He was with his father yesterday.
3. Talking About What People Have and Don't Have

Examples: People with money can buy many things./ She came without a coat.

## Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

## Page 33

1. I was alone at home and without any money.
2. She wants to enjoy the holiday with her family.
3. They carefully went to the park with the baby.
4. We have to be careful with our things.
5. He encourages me to travel without you.
6. I watched an encouraging movie with my friends.
7. My concern is that I am without a job.
8. They were concerned about going home without me.

## Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. careful
2. concern
3. encourage
4. any
5. money
6. holiday
7. week
8. book
9. office
10. family

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. She walked carefully without her eyeglasses.
2. She walked carefully with her eyeglasses.
3. She walked carefully with her shoes.
4. She walked carefully without her shoes.
5. She ran carefully without her shoes.
6. She ran carefully with her shoes.
7. She ran carefully without her bag.
8. She ran carefully with her bag.

# Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He enjoyed the holiday with his family yesterday.
2. He enjoyed the movie with his friends yesterday.
3. She enjoyed the movie with her friends last Sunday.
4. She enjoyed the holiday with her family last Sunday.
5. We enjoyed the holiday with our family last week.
6. We enjoyed the movie with our friends last week.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He enjoyed the competition.
2. He enjoyed the football competition.
3. He enjoyed the football competition yesterday.
4. He enjoyed the football competition at three o'clock yesterday.
5. He enjoyed the football competition at three o'clock yesterday without his father.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. I carefully read the book.
2. I carefully read the book alone.
3. I carefully read the English book alone.
4. I carefully read the English book alone in my room.
5. I carefully read the English book alone in my room with my eyeglasses.

## Transformation Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. She was concerned about the show at the park yesterday. Repeat.
2. She was concerned about the show at the park yesterday. Transform: what.
3. She was concerned about the show at the park yesterday. Transform: who.
4. She was concerned about the show at the park yesterday. Transform: when.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. They carefully went to the office yesterday with the baby. Repeat.
2. They carefully went to the office yesterday with the baby. Transform: who.
3. They carefully went to the office yesterday with the baby. Transform: where.
4. They carefully went to the office yesterday with the baby. Transform: when.

# Question and Answer with Prompt Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and complete the answers.

1. Does she want to enjoy the holiday with her family? Yes, she ...
2. Did they carefully go to the park with the baby? Yes, they ...
3. Is she careful with her things? Yes, she's ...
4. Did he start the game without his father? Yes, he ...

## Minimal Pair Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. money, many
2. read, lead
3. shoe, show

## Question and Answer Drill

## Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. What sport do you enjoy watching?
2. Who encourages you to study English?
3. How often do you go out with your family?
4. Do you like to travel alone? Why or why not?
5. Tell me something/someone you can't live without and why.
6. What's the most encouraging movie you know?

## R.E.M.S METHOD REV 1.1

1. He is able to count the numbers six to ten in the book.
2. They are able to cut the paper into two equal parts.
3. Four plus four equals eight.
4. The students are able to draw two figures of animals.
5. We are able to read the main part of the book.
6. She is able to buy a pair of glasses.
7. Sam is able to write the correct spelling of the word table.

## R.E.M.S METHOD REv1.2 READING EXERCISE G

1. I always drink coffee at lunchtime.
2. We often think about traveling in the future.
3. They always have a hard time remembering dates.
4. My mother and father often meet here at three o'clock.
5. She calls me daily.
6. My mother often takes a walk shortly after lunch.
7. They always ask me about my future plans.
8. We sometimes think about what will happen tomorrow.
9. We often took the train two years ago.
10. I never called this number yesterday.
11. He never calls me in the evenings.
12. I will not call him tonight.
13. I usually go to bed at a quarter to $\mathbf{1 0}$ p.m.
14. I was alone at home and without any money.
15. She wants to enjoy the holiday with her family.
16. They carefully went to the park with the baby.
17. We have to be careful with our things.
18. He encourages me to travel without you.
19. I watched an encouraging movie with my friends.
20. My concern is that I am without a job.
21. They were concerned about going home without me.

## Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. main
2. pair
3. able
4. table
5. paper
6. count
7. equal
8. scissors
9. draw
10. correct

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. My father is able to drive a car.
2. My mother is able to drive a car.
3. My brother is able to drive a car.
4. My sister is able to drive a car.
5. My friend is able to drive a car.

## Vowel Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.
1.main
2. able
3. table
4. paper
5. boots
6. spell
7. buy

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. He is able to count the numbers six to ten in the book. Repeat.
2. He is able to count the numbers six to ten in the book. Transform: what.
3. He is able to count the numbers six to ten in the book. Transform: who.
4. He is able to count the numbers six to ten in the book. Transform: where.

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. Sarah and Claire often meet here at five o'clock.
2. They often meet here at five o'clock.
3. They often drink coffee at five o'clock.
4. They often drink tea at five o'clock.
5. They never drink tea at five o'clock.

## Consonant Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. count
2. figure
3. cut
4. four
5. draw
6. correct

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. They always meet at a restaurant in the afternoon. Repeat.
2. They always meet at a restaurant in the afternoon. Transform: where.
3. They always meet at a restaurant in the afternoon. Transform: how often.
4. They always meet at a restaurant in the afternoon. Transform: when.
5. They always meet at a restaurant in the afternoon. Transform: who.
6. They always meet at a restaurant in the afternoon. Transform: what.

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. She walked carefully without her eyeglasses.
2. She walked carefully with her eyeglasses.
3. She walked carefully with her shoes.
4. She walked carefully without her shoes.
5. She ran carefully without her shoes.
6. She ran carefully with her shoes.
7. She ran carefully without her bag.
8. She ran carefully with her bag.

## R.E.M.S METHOD REv 1.12 <br> Sound (Phoneme) Matching Drill

Identify which underlined letters are the same sound.
to
paper
number

## cut

two
table

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. They carefully went to the office yesterday with the baby. Repeat.
2. They carefully went to the office yesterday with the baby. Transform: who.
3. They carefully went to the office yesterday with the baby. Transform: where.
4. They carefully went to the office yesterday with the baby. Transform: when.

## Minimal Pair Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. train, rain
2. think, drink
3. often, open

## Writing Exercise

## Listen and type the sentences in the chat box.

1. He is able to count the numbers six to ten in the book.
2. We sometimes think about what will happen tomorrow.
3. She walked carefully without her eyeglasses.
4. I am able to count.
5. I always drink coffee in the morning at seven o'clock, at lunchtime and at about four o'clock in the afternoon.
6. What sport do you enjoy watching? G4

## VOCABULARY

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.


## Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. The team suffered because they lost the game.
2. I saw the tears in her eyes.
3. They were in a bad mood yesterday.
4. We gave thanks to our teachers.
5. She had nice thoughts about you.
6. He is scared of dogs.
7. I felt some pain in my head.
8. He has a happy expression.

## Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. expression
2. mood
3. scared
4. tear
5. thought
6. about
7. bad
8. cats
9. saw
10. flowers

# Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He was scared of dogs at the age of six.
2. She was scared of dogs at the age of six.
3. She was scared of cats at the age of nine.
4. She was scared of cats and birds at the age of nine.
5. They were scared of cats and birds at the age of nine.
6. They were scared of cats and cows at the age of 15.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. She was in a bad mood.
2. She was in a bad mood this morning.
3. She was in a bad mood early this morning.
4. She was scared and in a bad mood early this morning.
5. She was scared and in a bad mood early this morning at six o'clock.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. We gave thanks and some flowers to our teachers at school on Friday. Repeat.
2. We gave thanks and some flowers to our teachers at school on Friday. Transform: what.
3. We gave thanks and some flowers to our teachers at school on Friday. Transform: when.
4. We gave thanks and some flowers to our teachers at school on Friday. Transform: who.
5. We gave thanks and some flowers to our teachers at school on Friday. Transform: where.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He was scared of cats.
2. He was scared of cats at the age of seven.
3. He was scared of cats and dogs at the age of seven.
4. He was scared of cats, dogs and birds at the age of seven.
5. He was scared of cats, dogs, cows and birds at the age of seven.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. He felt some pain in his head yesterday. Repeat.
2. He felt some pain in his head yesterday. Transform: who.
3. He felt some pain in his head yesterday. Transform: when.
4. He felt some pain in his head yesterday. Transform: what.
5. He felt some pain in his head yesterday. Transform: not.

# Question and Answer with Prompt Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and complete the answers.

1. Was he scared of dogs? Yes, he was ...
2. Did she suffer because the team lost? Yes, she suffered ...
3. What did we give to our teachers? We gave thanks ...
4. Were they in a bad mood yesterday? Yes, they were ...
5. Did she feel some pain in her head? Yes, she felt ...

## Minimal Pair Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. suffer, supper
2. thought, taught
3. saw, so
4. bad, bed
5. had, head

## Correct or Incorrect Exercise

## Listen and tell whether the sentence is correct or incorrect.

1. Did she suffered when he left?
2. What did you gave to your mother?
3. They were in a good mood yesterday.
4. He felt some pain in his head after swimming.
5. Did she saw the tears in my eyes?

## Open Questions Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. Are you scared of any animals? What animal?
2. When were you in pain?
3. What's your mood when it's raining outside?
4. How do you feel when someone gives thanks to you?
5. Do you feel good when you speak English? G5

## VOCABULARY

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.


# Asking and Talking About the Frequency of Events ever and never 

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The word ever is positive and is generally used in questions. Ever is usually used to ask if you have experience of something or have done something.

The word never is negative. Never is used to say that you have no experience of something or have not done something.

## Examples:

Do you ever go to school on the weekend?
It never snows in the Philippines.

## Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. She never felt any pain in her back.
2. They never cared about the news on TV.
3. He never forgot to care for his family.
4. Has he ever bought a drug for his body pain?
5. Has she ever had a cut on her left finger?
6. She never talked about the death of her father.
7. Have they ever enjoyed a healthy life?
8. My father never had a problem with his heart.
9. Has she ever felt good about her health?

## Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. back
2. cut
3. drug
4. health
5. heart
6. never
7. bought
8. body

# Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. She felt good about her health.
2. She has never felt good about her health.
3. He has never felt bad about his heart.
4. She has never felt bad about her heart.
5. She has never felt good about her back.
6. He has never felt good about his back.
7. They have never felt bad about their health.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. Does she ever have cuts on her back?
2. Does she ever have cuts on her lower back?
3. Does she ever have many cuts on her lower back?
4. Does she ever have many cuts on her lower and upper back?

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. They never cared about the news.
2. They never cared about the news on TV.
3. They never cared about the sad news on TV.
4. They never cared about the sad news on TV last Sunday.
5. They never cared about the sad news on TV at three o'clock last Sunday.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. He has a cut on his back and a pain in his heart. Repeat.
2. He has a cut on his back and a pain in his heart. Transform: what.
3. He has a cut on his back and a pain in his heart. Transform: where.
4. He has a cut on his back and a pain in his heart. Transform: who.
5. He has a cut on his back and a pain in his heart. Transform: not.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. She takes care of her health after her friend's death. Repeat.
2. She takes care of her health after her friend's death. Transform: what.
3. She takes care of her health after her friend's death. Transform: who.
4. She takes care of her health after her friend's death. Transform: when.
5. She takes care of her health after her friend's death. Transform: not.

# Question and Answer with Prompt Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and complete the answers.

1. Does she ever feel pain on her back? No, she never ...
2. Do they ever care about the news on TV? No, they never ...
3. Does she ever have cuts on her fingers? No, she never ...
4. Does he ever forget his family? No, he never ...

## Minimal Pair Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. back, bag
2. her, hair
3. bought, boat
4. forgot, forget

## Correct or Incorrect Exercise

## Listen and tell whether the sentence is correct or incorrect.

1. She have a cut on her left finger.
2. Does he ever forgets to care for his family?
3. She has never felt good about her health.
4. He never cared about the news on TV.

## Open Questions Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. Do you ever feel pain on your back?
2. Who cares for children in your country?
3. Are you in good health?
4. Do you ever cut your fingers?
5. Do you ever use drugs for pain?

## R.E.M.S METHOD

 G6
## VOCABULARY

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.


## Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. She will buy some medicine this afternoon.
2. Her stomach is full.
3. She talks a lot and bites her lower lip.
4. He did not work yesterday because of a medical reason.
5. They have strong muscles.
6. She loves herself.
7. Her throat is in pain after singing.
8. The girl on TV has beautiful skin.

## Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. medical
2. medicine
3. muscle
4. stomach
5. throat
6. strong
7. hospital

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. She will buy some medicine this afternoon.
2. She will buy some books this afternoon.
3. He will buy some books this afternoon.
4. He will buy some balls this afternoon.
5. He will buy some balls tomorrow.
6. He will get some balls tomorrow.
7. He will get some chairs tomorrow.
8. He will get a chair tomorrow.
9. He will get a chair next week.

# Intermediate Single-slot Substitution Drill 

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. The girl has beautiful skin. Repeat
2. The girl has beautiful skin. Change: she.
3. She has beautiful skin. Change: arms.
4. She has beautiful arms. Change: strong.
5. She has strong arms. Change: muscles.
6. She has strong muscles. Change: body.
7. She has a strong body. Change: we.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. She needs some medicine.
2. She needs to buy some medicine.
3. She needs to buy some medicine at the store.
4. She needs to buy some medicine for her skin at the store.
5. She needs to buy some medicine for her red skin at the store.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. The girl has beautiful skin.
2. The little girl has beautiful skin.
3. The little girl on TV has beautiful skin.
4. The little girl on TV has beautiful and soft skin.
5. The little girl on TV has beautiful, soft and healthy skin.

# Intermediate Sentence Expansion Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. I will get some medicine. Repeat.
2. I will get some medicine. Add: Tom.
3. Tom and I will get some medicine. Add: tomorrow.
4. Tom and I will get some medicine tomorrow. Add: at the store.
5. Tom and I will get some medicine at the store tomorrow. Add: two o'clock.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. He asked for some medicine at the hospital yesterday. Repeat.
2. He asked for some medicine at the hospital yesterday. Transform: what.
3. He asked for some medicine at the hospital yesterday. Transform: who.
4. He asked for some medicine at the hospital yesterday. Transform: where.
5. He asked for some medicine at the hospital yesterday. Transform: when.
6. He asked for some medicine at the hospital yesterday. Transform: not.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. He went home on Friday because of his stomach pain. Repeat.
2. He went home on Friday because of his stomach pain. Transform: when.
3. He went home on Friday because of his stomach pain. Transform: who.
4. He went home on Friday because of his stomach pain. Transform: why.
5. He went home on Friday because of his stomach pain. Transform: where.

## Question and Answer Drill

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. When will she buy some medicine?
2. Does she talk a lot?
3. What did her mother buy?
4. Was he absent yesterday?
5. Do they have strong muscles?

## Minimal Pair Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. will, well
2. book, back
3. she, see
4. full, pull

## Sound (Phoneme) Matching Drill

Identify which underlined letters are the same sound.
lip
muscle
she
stomach
skịn
he

## Open Questions Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. How often do you see a doctor?
2. Did you ever feel any pain in your stomach? When?
3. Do you have strong muscles?
4. What do you do to stay healthy?
5. Do you exercise? How often?
6. Do you take any medicine?
7. Do you think you live a healthy life?
8. The team suffered because they lost the game.
9. I saw the tears in her eyes.
10. They were in a bad mood yesterday.
11. We gave thanks to our teachers.
12. She had nice thoughts about you.
13. He is scared of dogs.
14. I felt some pain in my head.
15. He has a happy expression.
16. She never felt any pain in her back.
17. They never cared about the news on TV.
18. He never forgot to care for his family.
19. Has he ever bought a drug for his body pain?
20. Has she ever had a cut on her left finger?
21. She never talked about the death of her father.
22. Have they ever enjoyed a healthy life?
23. My father never had a problem with his heart.
24. Has she ever felt good about her health?

## R.E.M.S METHOD REv2.3 READING EXERCISE G

1. She will buy some medicine this afternoon.
2. Her stomach is full.
3. She talks a lot and bites her lower lip.
4. He did not work yesterday because of a medical reason.
5. They have strong muscles.
6. She loves herself.
7. Her throat is in pain after singing.
8. The girl on TV has beautiful skin.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. He asked for some medicine at the hospital yesterday. Repeat.
2. He asked for some medicine at the hospital yesterday. Transform: what.
3. He asked for some medicine at the hospital yesterday. Transform: who.
4. He asked for some medicine at the hospital yesterday. Transform: where.
5. He asked for some medicine at the hospital yesterday. Transform: when.
6. He asked for some medicine at the hospital yesterday. Transform: not.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He was scared of cats.
2. He was scared of cats at the age of seven.
3. He was scared of cats and dogs at the age of seven.
4. He was scared of cats, dogs and birds at the age of seven.
5. He was scared of cats, dogs, cows and birds at the age of seven.

## Minimal Pair Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. suffer, supper
2. thought, taught
3. saw, so
4. bad, bed
5. had, head

# Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. She felt good about her health.
2. She has never felt good about her health.
3. He has never felt bad about his heart.
4. She has never felt bad about her heart.
5. She has never felt good about her back.
6. He has never felt good about his back.
7. They have never felt bad about their health.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. She takes care of her health after her friend's death. Repeat.
2. She takes care of her health after her friend's death. Transform: what.
3. She takes care of her health after her friend's death. Transform: who.
4. She takes care of her health after her friend's death. Transform: when.
5. She takes care of her health after her friend's death. Transform: not.

## Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. back
2. cut
3. drug
4. health
5. heart
6. never
7. bought
8. body

# Intermediate Sentence Expansion Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. I will get some medicine. Repeat.
2. I will get some medicine. Add: Tom.
3. Tom and I will get some medicine. Add: tomorrow.
4. Tom and I will get some medicine tomorrow. Add: at the store.
5. Tom and I will get some medicine at the store tomorrow. Add: two o'clock.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. He felt some pain in his head yesterday. Repeat.
2. He felt some pain in his head yesterday. Transform: who.
3. He felt some pain in his head yesterday. Transform: when.
4. He felt some pain in his head yesterday. Transform: what.
5. He felt some pain in his head yesterday. Transform: not.

## R.E.M.S METHOD REv2.12 <br> Sound (Phoneme) Matching Drill

Identify which underlined letters are the same sound.
lip
muscle
she
stomach
skịn
he

## Correct or Incorrect Exercise

## Listen and tell whether the sentence is correct or incorrect.

1. She have a cut on her left finger.
2. Does he ever forgets to care for his family?
3. She has never felt good about her health.
4. He never cared about the news on TV.

# Question and Answer with Prompt Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and complete the answers.

1. Was he scared of dogs? Yes, he was ...
2. Did she suffer because the team lost? Yes, she suffered ...
3. What did we give to our teachers? We gave thanks ...
4. Were they in a bad mood yesterday? Yes, they were ...
5. Did she feel some pain in her head? Yes, she felt ...

## Writing Exercise

Listen and type the sentences in the chat box.

1. Was he scared of dogs?
2. They never cared about the news on TV.
3. He will get a chair next week.
4. He was scared of dogs at the age of six.
5. Does she ever feel pain on her back?
6. She needs some medicine.

# R.E.M.S METHOD 

 G7
## VOCABULARY

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.


## Asking for Permission 1 modal verb can and could

- We use can to ask for permission to do something.

For example: Can I ask a question, please? Can I go home now?

- We use could to be more formal and polite.

For example: Could I ask a question, please?I Could I go home now?

- We can also use can to give permission.

For example: You can go home now.l You can borrow my pen.

## Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. Can I ask for a holiday this week?
2. Could I change my speech tomorrow?
3. Can I get more tickets for the show?
4. Can I go to your show on Monday?
5. Could I tell him the day you were born?
6. Can I ask for the dates of the holidays this year?
7. Could I have the subject for my speech?
8. Can I give them some tickets?
9. Can I ask what time the show is tomorrow?
10. Could I ask when she was born?

## Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. born
2. speech
3. ticket
4. have
5. ask
6. change
7. stage
8. chair

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He bought a ticket for the show.
2. She bought a ticket for the show.
3. She bought some tickets for the show.
4. She got some tickets for the show.
5. She got some chairs for the show.
6. She got a chair for the show.
7. She got a table for the show.
8. She got some tables for the show.

# Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He was born in Japan on July 3, 1986.
2. She was born in the Philippines on July 3, 1986.
3. She was born in Tokyo on January 2, 1998.
4. He was born in Manila in December.
5. He went on a holiday to Manila in November.
6. She went on a holiday to London on November 5.
7. She went on a holiday to Cebu in October.
8. They went on a holiday to New York on May 4.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He went to London last year.
2. He went on a holiday to London last year.
3. He went on a holiday to London and New York last year.
4. He went on a holiday to London, New York and Tokyo last year.
5. He went on a holiday to London, New York and Tokyo in October last year.
6. He went on a holiday to London, New York and Tokyo on October 16 last year.

# Intermediate Sentence Expansion Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. I bought a ticket yesterday. Repeat
2. I bought a ticket yesterday. Add: Adam.
3. Adam and I bought a ticket yesterday. Add: two.
4. Adam and I bought two tickets yesterday. Add: two o'clock.
5. Adam and I bought two tickets at two o'clock yesterday. Add: movie.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

## Page 127

1. He made a long speech on stage last week. Repeat.
2. He made a long speech on stage last week. Transform: what.
3. He made a long speech on stage last week. Transform: who.
4. He made a long speech on stage last week. Transform: where.
5. He made a long speech on stage last week. Transform: when.
6. He made a long speech on stage last week. Transform: not.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. She bought five tickets for the show on Saturday. Repeat.
2. She bought five tickets for the show on Saturday. Transform: what.
3. She bought five tickets for the show on Saturday. Transform: when.
4. She bought five tickets for the show on Saturday. Transform: who.
5. She bought five tickets for the show on Saturday. Transform: how many.
6. She bought five tickets for the show on Saturday. Transform: not.

# Question and Answer with Prompt Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and complete the answers.

1. Did he ask for a holiday last week? Yes, he asked ...
2. Does she want to change her speech for tomorrow? Yes, she wants ...
3. Did he buy some tickets for the show? Yes, he bought ...
4. Did she give them some tickets? Yes, she gave ...
5. Do they know the date of the holiday? Yes, they know ...

## Sound (Phoneme) Matching Drill

Identify which underlined letters are the same sound.

| have | change |
| :--- | :--- |
| stage | show |
| some | subject |
| tomorrow | can |

## Open Questions Exercise

## Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. Did you ever give a speech on stage? How did you feel?
2. When did you have your last holiday?
3. Where did you go on your last holiday?
4. What's your favorite TV show?
5. When were you born?
6. Where were you born? Tell me something about the place.
7. Do you like to buy movie tickets?
8. What was the last movie you saw?

# R.E.M.S METHOD 

 G8
## VOCABULARY

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.


## Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. The communication was good.
2. He speaks five languages.
3. She likes cool weather.
4. The trouble in the city is that there are too many cars.
5. My father has the most power at home.
6. She wants to know the truth.

## Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

7. She doesn't know his religion.
8. His parents are religious.
9. We don't like war.
10. She lives in the first district of this town.
11. He is part of the council.
12. They know their god.

## Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. council
2. language
3. power
4. town
5. know
6. first
7. five
8. god
9. hot

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He is a religious person in this town.
2. She is a religious person in this town.
3. She is an interesting person in this town.
4. She is a good person in this town.
5. She is a good person in this city.
6. He is a good person in this city.

# Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He likes cool weather.
2. She likes hot weather.
3. She likes cool days.
4. She loves sunny days.
5. She loves cold weather.
6. She likes warm weather.
7. She likes cold days.
8. He likes windy days.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. The council met yesterday.
2. The council met for a long time yesterday.
3. The council met for a long time at five o'clock yesterday.
4. The council met for a long time at five o'clock in the city yesterday.
5. The council met about the trouble for a long time at five o'clock in the city yesterday.

# Intermediate Sentence Expansion Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. I didn't ask the truth. Repeat.
2. I didn't ask the truth. Add: her.
3. I didn't ask her the truth. Add: yesterday.
4. I didn't ask her the truth yesterday. Add: about the trouble.
5. I didn't ask her the truth about the trouble yesterday. Add: afternoon.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. She made a long speech in their district last week. Repeat.
2. She made a long speech in their district last week. Transform: what.
3. She made a long speech in their district last week. Transform: when.
4. She made a long speech in their district last week. Transform: who.
5. She made a long speech in their district last week. Transform: where.
6. She made a long speech in their district last week. Transform: not.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. He studied three languages in London last year. Repeat.
2. He studied three languages in London last year. Transform: what.
3. He studied three languages in London last year. Transform: when.
4. He studied three languages in London last year. Transform: where.
5. He studied three languages in London last year. Transform: who.
6. He studied three languages in London last year. Transform: not.

## Question and Answer Drill

## Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. Does she speak five languages?
2. Do they have good communication?
3. Does she want to know the truth?
4. Does she know his religion?
5. Are his parents religious?
6. Does she live in the first district of this town?
7. Do they know their god?

## Vowel Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. language
2. hot
3. god
4. truth
5. trouble

## Sound (Phoneme) Matching Drill

Identify which underlined letters are the same sound.
trouble god
like

## sunny

hot
five

## Correct or Incorrect Exercise

## Listen and tell whether the sentence is correct or incorrect.

1. We doesn't like war.
2. He have some trouble writing on a desk.
3. He speaks five languages.
4. She like cool weather.
5. She doesn't know his religion.

## Open Questions Exercise

## Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. Do you have good communication with your family?
2. How often do you talk to your family?
3. What weather do you like? Do you like cold weather?
4. What languages do you speak?
5. What other languages do you like to speak?
6. Are you religious?
7. Do you live in a town?
8. Do you have any troubles in life?

## VOCABULARY

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.

## R.E.M.S METHOD



## Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. You can see the moon in the sky.
2. The sky is blue today.
3. There are mountains above the field.
4. We can see some flowers in the field.
5. The sun shines above the mountains.
6. The nature is beautiful here.
7. The sun and the moon are in the sky.
8. The field has beautiful flowers.

## Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

## 1.moon

2. mountain
3. brown
4. round
5. stars
6.sky
6. night
7. farm

# Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. The sky is blue today.
2. The river is beautiful today.
3. The trees are beautiful today.
4. The mountains are brown today.
5. The birds are happy today.
6. The moon is round tonight.
7. The stars are beautiful tonight.

# Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. You can see the moon in the sky.
2. You can see the cows on the farm.
3. You can see the birds in the field.
4. You can feel the wind in the field.
5. You can see some flowers in the field.
6. You can see some pigs on the farm.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. We can see some flowers in the field.
2. We can see some flowers and some trees in the field.
3. We can see some flowers, some trees and mountains in the field.
4. We can see some flowers, some trees and big mountains in the field.
5. We can see some red flowers, some tall trees and big mountains in the field.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. She saw the moon and the stars in the sky last night. Repeat.
2. She saw the moon and the stars in the sky last night. Transform: what.
3. She saw the moon and the stars in the sky last night. Transform: where.
4. She saw the moon and the stars in the sky last night. Transform: when.
5. She saw the moon and the stars in the sky last night. Transform: who.

# Intermediate Sentence Expansion Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. The stars are beautiful. Repeat.
2. The stars are beautiful. Add: moon.
3. The moon and the stars are beautiful. Add: round.
4. The round moon and the stars are beautiful. Add: little.
5. The round moon and the little stars are beautiful. Add: tonight.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. The sun shines in the sky this afternoon. Repeat.
2. The sun shines in the sky this afternoon. Transform: what.
3. The sun shines in the sky this afternoon. Transform: when.
4. The sun shines in the sky this afternoon. Transform: where.
5. The sun shines in the sky this afternoon. Transform: not.

## Mixed Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. We can see some flowers in the field. Repeat.
2. We can see some flowers in the field. Change: trees.
3. We can see some trees in the field. Add: tall.
4. We can see some tall trees in the field. Change: on the farm.
5. We can see some tall trees on the farm. Add: beautiful flowers.

## Mixed Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. I saw the stars last night. Repeat.
2. I saw the stars last night. Change: moon.
3. I saw the moon last night. Add: in the sky.
4. I saw the moon in the sky last night. Change: stars.
5. I saw the stars in the sky last night. Add: little.
6. I saw the little stars in the sky last night. Add: round moon.

## Question and Answer Drill

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. Where can we see the moon?
2. What color is the sky today?
3. Are there mountains above the field?
4. Can we see some flowers in the field?
5. Where does the sun shine?

## Minimal Pair Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

## 1. farm, form

2. see, she

## Vowel Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.
1.night
2.last
3. farm
4. field
5. moon
6.sky

## Open Questions Exercise

## Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. Would you like to live on a farm?
2. Can you see any mountains from where you live?
3. What time does the sun rise in your city?
4. What do you like most about nature?
5. Do you think nature is always beautiful?
6. What is the most beautiful place in your city?
7. What country do you think is the most beautiful?
8. Can I ask for a holiday this week?
9. Could I change my speech tomorrow?
10. Can I get more tickets for the show?
11. Can I go to your show on Monday?
12. Could I tell him the day you were born?
13. Can I ask for the dates of the holidays this year?
14. Could I have the subject for my speech?
15. Can I give them some tickets?
16. Can I ask what time the show is tomorrow?
17. Could I ask when she was born?
18. The communication was good.
19. He speaks five languages.
20. She likes cool weather.
21. The trouble in the city is that there are too many cars.
22. My father has the most power at home.
23. She wants to know the truth.
24. She doesn't know his religion.
25. His parents are religious.
26. We don't like war.
27. She lives in the first district of this town.
28. He is part of the council.
29. They know their god.
30. You can see the moon in the sky.
31. The sky is blue today.
32. There are mountains above the field.
33. We can see some flowers in the field.
34. The sun shines above the mountains.
35. The nature is beautiful here.
36. The sun and the moon are in the sky.
37. The field has beautiful flowers.

## Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He was born in Japan on July 3, 1986.
2. She was born in the Philippines on July 3, 1986.
3. She was born in Tokyo on January 2, 1998.
4. He was born in Manila in December.
5. He went on a holiday to Manila in November.
6. She went on a holiday to London on November 5.
7. She went on a holiday to Cebu in October.
8. They went on a holiday to New York on May 4.

## R.E.M.S METHOD REv3.5 <br> Sound (Phoneme) Matching Drill

Identify which underlined letters are the same sound.

| have | change |
| :--- | :--- |
| stage | show |
| some | subject |
| tomorrow | can |

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. The council met yesterday.
2. The council met for a long time yesterday.
3. The council met for a long time at five o'clock yesterday.
4. The council met for a long time at five o'clock in the city yesterday.
5. The council met about the trouble for a long time at five o'clock in the city yesterday.

# Intermediate Sentence Expansion Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. I bought a ticket yesterday. Repeat
2. I bought a ticket yesterday. Add: Adam.
3. Adam and I bought a ticket yesterday. Add: two.
4. Adam and I bought two tickets yesterday. Add: two o'clock.
5. Adam and I bought two tickets at two o'clock yesterday. Add: movie.

## R.E.M.S METHOD REv3s <br> Sound (Phoneme) Matching Drill

Identify which underlined letters are the same sound.
trouble god
like
sunny
hot
five

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. She made a long speech in their district last week. Repeat.
2. She made a long speech in their district last week. Transform: what.
3. She made a long speech in their district last week. Transform: when.
4. She made a long speech in their district last week. Transform: who.
5. She made a long speech in their district last week. Transform: where.
6. She made a long speech in their district last week. Transform: not.

## Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. You can see the moon in the sky.
2. You can see the cows on the farm.
3. You can see the birds in the field.
4. You can feel the wind in the field.
5. You can see some flowers in the field.
6. You can see some pigs on the farm.

## Vowel Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.
1.night
2.last
3. farm
4. field
5. moon
6.sky

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. She saw the moon and the stars in the sky last night. Repeat.
2. She saw the moon and the stars in the sky last night. Transform: what.
3. She saw the moon and the stars in the sky last night. Transform: where.
4. She saw the moon and the stars in the sky last night. Transform: when. -
5. She saw the moon and the stars in the sky last night. Transform: who.

# Question and Answer with Prompt Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and complete the answers.

1. Did he ask for a holiday last week? Yes, he asked ...
2. Does she want to change her speech for tomorrow? Yes, she wants ...
3. Did he buy some tickets for the show? Yes, he bought ...
4. Did she give them some tickets? Yes, she gave ...
5. Do they know the date of the holiday? Yes, they know ...

## Mixed Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

## Page 179

1. We can see some flowers in the field. Repeat.
2. We can see some flowers in the field. Change: trees.
3. We can see some trees in the field. Add: tall.
4. We can see some tall trees in the field. Change: on the farm.
5. We can see some tall trees on the farm. Add: beautiful flowers.

## Writing Exercise

Listen and type the sentences in the chat box.

1. He bought a ticket for the show.
2. He is a religious person in this town.
3. She saw the moon and the stars in the sky last night.
4. They went on a holiday to New York on May 4.
5. She lives in the first district of this town.
6. The sun shines in the sky this afternoon.
```
R.E.M.S METHOD

\section*{VOCABULARY}

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.
R.E.M.S METHOD G10 G



\section*{Repetition Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. The snow is always white in winter.
2. The sea waves are strong today.
3. We use fire at home in winter.
4. We need some gas at home.
5. The local people are very kind.
6. It's hot in the eastern part of the Philippines.
7. We dig up the soil in our garden.

\section*{Pronunciation Repetition Drill}

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.
1.snow
2. soil
3.sea
4.small
5. city
6. are
7. part
8. saw

\section*{Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill}

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.
1. The local people are kind.
2. The local girls are kind.
3. The local girls are beautiful.
4. The eastern girls are beautiful.
5. The eastern girls are strong.
6. The eastern children are strong.
7. The eastern children are interesting.

\title{
Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill
}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. I saw the snow in my city yesterday.
2. He saw the snow in his city yesterday.
3. He saw the waves of the sea yesterday.
4. She saw the waves of the sea two days ago.
5. She saw the fire in her town two days ago.
6. She saw the fire in her house this morning.
7. We saw the people in our house this morning.

\section*{Basic Sentence Expansion Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. We use fire at home.
2. We use fire at home in winter.
3. We use fire and gas at home in winter.
4. We use some fire and gas at home in winter.
5. We use some fire and gas at home in winter and in fall.

\section*{Basic Sentence Expansion Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. The people are kind.
2. The local people are kind.
3. The local people are beautiful and kind.
4. The local and the eastern people are beautiful and kind.
5. The local and the eastern people in my country are beautiful and kind.

\section*{Transformation Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. She saw the fire in her house this morning. Repeat.
2. She saw the fire in her house this morning. Transform: what.
3. She saw the fire in her house this morning. Transform: where.
4. She saw the fire in her house this morning. Transform: who.
5. She saw the fire in her house this morning. Transform: when.
6. She saw the fire in her house this morning. Transform: not.

\section*{Transformation Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. He likes the snow in his city in winter. Repeat.
2. He likes the snow in his city in winter. Transform: what.
3. He likes the snow in his city in winter. Transform: where.
4. He likes the snow in his city in winter. Transform: who.
5. He likes the snow in his city in winter. Transform: when.
6. He likes the snow in his city in winter. Transform: not.

\section*{Mixed Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. The local people are kind. Repeat.
2. The local people are kind. Change: eastern.
3. The eastern people are kind. Add: beautiful.
4. The eastern people are beautiful and kind. Change: girls.
5. The eastern girls are beautiful and kind. Add: local girls.

\section*{Mixed Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}

\section*{Page 192}
1. He likes the snow in his city in winter. Repeat
2. He likes the snow in his city in winter. Change: town.
3. He likes the snow in his town in winter. Add: small.
4. He likes the snow in his small town in winter. Change: weather.
5. He likes the weather in his small town in winter. Add: cold.

\section*{Minimal Pair Repetition Drill}

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.
1. snow, show
2. soil, oil
3. sea, she
4. are, all

\section*{Consonant Pronunciation Drill}

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.
1.white
2. plant
3. fire
4.soil
5.cook
6.wave

\section*{Open Questions Exercise}

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.
1. Did you ever see a big fire in your city?
2. Do you like the snow?
3. What kind of weather do you like?
4. What's your local food?
5. What food from another country do you like?
6. Do you think the local people in your town are kind?
7. How's the weather in the eastern part of your country?

\section*{R.E.M.S METHOD}

\section*{VOCABULARY}

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.

\section*{Repetition Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}

\section*{Page 197}
1. The two companies had an agreement.
2. The children gave good comments about the story.
3. We discussed how to take care of nature.
4. He emailed his mother yesterday.
5. He gave a description of his city.
6. He can't explain everything to his father.
7. She wants to inform you about the meeting tomorrow.
8. They invited us to go swimming this afternoon.

\section*{Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill}

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.
1. He invited his friends to watch a movie yesterday.
2. He invited his family to watch a movie yesterday.
3. He invited his family to go swimming yesterday.
4. He invited his mother to go swimming yesterday.
5. He emailed his mother to go swimming yesterday.
6. He emailed his mother to go shopping yesterday.
7. He emailed his mother to go shopping two days ago.

\title{
Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill
}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. She explained the agreement to the students.
2. He discussed the agreement with the teachers.
3. He discussed the comments with the teachers.
4. He emailed the comments to the parents.
5. She emailed the agreement to the parents.
6. She informed the students of the agreement.

\section*{Basic Sentence Expansion Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. He emailed his mother.
2. He emailed his mother yesterday.
3. He emailed the agreement to his mother yesterday.
4. He emailed the agreement to his beautiful mother yesterday.
5. He emailed the agreement to his beautiful mother yesterday morning.

\section*{Basic Sentence Expansion Drill}

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.
1. The children gave some comments.
2. The children gave some comments about the story.
3. The children gave some good comments about the story.
4. The children gave some good and bad comments about the story.
5. The children gave some good and bad comments about the story in the book.

\section*{Transformation Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. They invited us to go swimming in the sea this afternoon. Repeat.
2. They invited us to go swimming in the sea this afternoon. Transform: what.
3. They invited us to go swimming in the sea this afternoon. Transform: who.
4. They invited us to go swimming in the sea this afternoon. Transform: where.
5. They invited us to go swimming in the sea this afternoon. Transform: when.

\section*{Transformation Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. She emailed the agreement to her mother at home yesterday. Repeat.
2. She emailed the agreement to her mother at home yesterday. Transform: what.
3. She emailed the agreement to her mother at home yesterday. Transform: who.
4. She emailed the agreement to her mother at home yesterday. Transform: when.
5. She emailed the agreement to her mother at home yesterday. Transform: where.

\section*{Mixed Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. We discussed the story. Repeat.
2. We discussed the story. Add: interesting.
3. We discussed the interesting story. Change: movie.
4. We discussed the interesting movie. Add: watched.
5. We watched and discussed the interesting movie. Change: they.

\section*{Mixed Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. She invited us to go swimming. Repeat.
2. She invited us to go swimming. Add: two days ago.
3. She invited us to go swimming two days ago. Change: read a book.
4. She invited us to read a book two days ago. Add: good.
5. She invited us to read a good book two days ago. Change: informed.

\section*{Freer Exercise}

Use the following words to make sentences.
1. agreement
2. discuss
3. invite
4. comment
6. description
7. explain
5. email
8. inform

\section*{Open Questions Exercise}

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.
1. How often do you email your friends?
2. Do you like to invite people to your house?
3. Give a short description of your city/town.
4. Can you explain some words in English?
5. What are the comments you hear from people about the weather?
```

R.E.M.S METHOD
G12

## VOCABULARY

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.

## Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. She often mentions that she loves teaching.
2. They made a promise to each other.
3. She proved to us that she could do the job.
4. He promised not to be late again.
5. The students reacted to the teacher's discussion.
6. Their reaction to the game was bad.
7. My mother suggested I do the shopping.
8. We always use a pen and a piece of paper during exams.

# Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill 

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. She often mentions that she loves teaching.
2. He often mentions that he loves teaching.
3. He often mentions that he likes drawing.
4. He sometimes mentions that he wants to drive a car.
5. She sometimes mentions that she wants to own a car.
6. She always mentions that she loves watching movies.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. My mother suggested I do the shopping.
2. My beautiful mother suggested $I$ do the shopping.
3. My beautiful mother suggested I do the shopping this afternoon.
4. My beautiful and happy mother suggested I do the shopping this afternoon.
5. My beautiful and happy mother suggested I do the shopping at one o'clock this afternoon.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. They made a promise to each other.
2. They made a strong promise to each other.
3. They made a strong promise of love to each other.
4. They made a strong promise of love to each other in front of us.
5. They made a strong promise of love to each other in front of us yesterday.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. They made a promise of love in the show yesterday. Repeat.
2. They made a promise of love in the show yesterday. Transform: what.
3. They made a promise of love in the show yesterday. Transform: when.
4. They made a promise of love in the show yesterday. Transform: who.
5. They made a promise of love in the show yesterday. Transform: not.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. His mother suggested I do the shopping at the shop this afternoon. Repeat.
2. His mother suggested I do the shopping at the shop this afternoon. Transform: what.
3. His mother suggested I do the shopping at the shop this afternoon. Transform: who.
4. His mother suggested I do the shopping at the shop this afternoon. Transform: where.
5. His mother suggested I do the shopping at the shop this afternoon. Transform: not. -

## Mixed Drill

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. She often mentions that she loves teaching. Repeat.
2. She often mentions that she loves teaching. Change: he.
3. He often mentions that he loves teaching. Add: English.
4. He often mentions that he loves teaching English. Change: always.
5. He always mentions that he loves teaching English. Add: science.

## Mixed Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. My mother suggested I do the shopping. Repeat.
2. My mother suggested I do the shopping. Change: father.
3. My father suggested I do the shopping. Add: this afternoon.
4. My father suggested I do the shopping this afternoon. Change: go swimming.
5. My father suggested I go swimming this afternoon. Add: five o'clock.

## Question and Answer Drill

## Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. Does she often mention that she loves teaching?
2. What did they make to each other?
3. Did she prove to us that she could do the job?
4. What was their reaction about the game?
5. Do we always use a pen and a piece of paper during exams?

## R.E.M.S METHOD ExERcISEG12.10

## Jumbled Sentence Exercise

Reorder the following words to make a grammatical sentence.

1. promise / made / to / a / they / other / each /.
2. she / that / proved / she / to / can / do / job/ the / us /.
3. again / he / promised / late / not / be / to /.
4. reaction / about / their / game / the / bad / was /.
5. shopping / my / suggested / mother / do / I / the /.
6. The snow is always white in winter.
7. The sea waves are strong today.
8. We use fire at home in winter.
9. We need some gas at home.
10. The local people are very kind.
11. It's hot in the eastern part of the Philippines.
12. We dig up the soil in our garden.

## R.E.M.S METHOD REv4.2 READING EXERCISE G

1. The two companies had an agreement.
2. The children gave good comments about the story.
3. We discussed how to take care of nature.
4. He emailed his mother yesterday.
5. He gave a description of his city.
6. He can't explain everything to his father.
7. She wants to inform you about the meeting tomorrow.
8. They invited us to go swimming this afternoon.

## R.E.M.S METHOD

1. She often mentions that she loves teaching.
2. They made a promise to each other.
3. She proved to us that she can do the job.
4. He promised not to be late again.
5. The students reacted to the teacher's discussion.
6. Their reaction about the game was bad.
7. My mother suggested I do the shopping.
8. We always use a pen and a piece of paper during exams.

## Pronunciation Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.
1.snow
2. soil
3.sea
4.small
5. city
6. are
7. part
8. saw

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. The local people are kind.
2. The local girls are kind.
3. The local girls are beautiful.
4. The eastern girls are beautiful.
5. The eastern girls are strong.
6. The eastern children are strong.
7. The eastern children are interesting.

## Minimal Pair Repetition Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.

1. snow, show
2. soil, oil
3. sea, she
4. are, all

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. They made a promise of love in the show yesterday. Repeat.
2. They made a promise of love in the show yesterday. Transform: what.
3. They made a promise of love in the show yesterday. Transform: when.
4. They made a promise of love in the show yesterday. Transform: who.
5. They made a promise of love in the show yesterday. Transform: not.

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He invited his friends to watch a movie yesterday.
2. He invited his family to watch a movie yesterday.
3. He invited his family to go swimming yesterday.
4. He invited his mother to go swimming yesterday.
5. He emailed his mother to go swimming yesterday.
6. He emailed his mother to go shopping yesterday.
7. He emailed his mother to go shopping two days ago.

## Consonant Pronunciation Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.
1.white
2. plant
3. fire
$4 . s o i l$
5.cook
6.wave

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. They invited us to go swimming in the sea this afternoon. Repeat.
2. They invited us to go swimming in the sea this afternoon. Transform: what.
3. They invited us to go swimming in the sea this afternoon. Transform: who.
4. They invited us to go swimming in the sea this afternoon. Transform: where.
5. They invited us to go swimming in the sea this afternoon. Transform: when.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. My mother suggested I do the shopping.
2. My beautiful mother suggested I do the shopping.
3. My beautiful mother suggested $I$ do the shopping this afternoon.
4. My beautiful and happy mother suggested I do the shopping this afternoon.
5. My beautiful and happy mother suggested I do the shopping at one o'clock this afternoon.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. She saw the fire in her house this morning. Repeat.
2. She saw the fire in her house this morning. Transform: what.
3. She saw the fire in her house this morning. Transform: where.
4. She saw the fire in her house this morning. Transform: who.
5. She saw the fire in her house this morning. Transform: when.
6. She saw the fire in her house this morning. Transform: not.

## Mixed Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. The local people are kind. Repeat.
2. The local people are kind. Change: eastern.
3. The eastern people are kind. Add: beautiful.
4. The eastern people are beautiful and kind. Change: girls.
5. The eastern girls are beautiful and kind. Add: local girls.

## R.E.M.S METHOD Rev 4.14 <br> Jumbled Sentence Exercise

Reorder the following words to make a grammatical sentence.

1. promise / made / to / a / they / other / each /.
2. she / that / proved / she / to / can / do / job/ the / us /.
3. again / he / promised / late / not / be / to /.
4. reaction / about / their / game / the / bad / was /.
5. shopping / my / suggested / mother / do / I / the /.

## Writing Exercise

Listen and type the sentences in the chat box.

1. She saw the fire in her house this morning.
2. She invited us to go swimming.
3. She often mentions that she loves teaching.
4. The local people are kind.
5. We discussed the story.
6. What did they make to each other?
```
R.E.M.S METHOD

\section*{VOCABULARY}

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.

\section*{Repetition Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. I have an account in his shop.
2. He is considering her application to be a teacher.
3. They had a fun activity at school yesterday.
4. The doctor is available now.
5. We need a big amount of money to go there.
6. The beauty of nature gives a good feeling.
7. He made a bet on the game.
8. We don't have a budget for this activity.
9. This chair is the cause of the pain in my back.

\section*{Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill}

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.
1. We need some money for the activity.
2. We need a budget for the activity.
3. We ask for a budget for the activity.
4. We ask for a budget for the show.
5. We gave a budget for the show.
6. We gave a ticket for the show.

\section*{Basic Sentence Expansion Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. They had an activity yesterday.
2. They had a fun activity yesterday.
3. They had a fun activity at school yesterday.
4. They had a fun musical activity at school yesterday.
5. They had a fun musical activity at school yesterday afternoon.

\section*{Basic Sentence Expansion Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. The doctor is available now.
2. The cute doctor is available now.
3. The cute doctor in the room is available now.
4. The cute and happy doctor in the room is available now.
5. The cute and happy doctor in the room is available to see now.

\section*{Transformation Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}

\section*{Page 239}
1. They had a fun activity at school yesterday. Repeat.
2. They had a fun activity at school yesterday. Transform: what.
3. They had a fun activity at school yesterday. Transform: when.
4. They had a fun activity at school yesterday. Transform: where.
5. They had a fun activity at school yesterday. Transform: who.

\section*{Transformation Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. The doctor is available to see in the room now. Repeat.
2. The doctor is available to see in the room now. Transform: who.
3. The doctor is available to see in the room now. Transform: when.
4. The doctor is available to see in the room now. Transform: where.
5. The doctor is available to see in the room now. Transform: not.

\title{
Question and Answer With Prompt Drill
}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and complete the answers.}
1. Does he have an account in his shop? Yes, he has ...
2. Does he consider her application to be a teacher? Yes, he considers ...
3. Did they have a fun activity at school yesterday? Yes, they had ...
4. Do we have a budget for this activity? No, we don't ...
5. Who is the cause of his pain? His mother ...

\section*{Mixed Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}

\section*{Page 242}
1. We need a budget for the activity. Repeat.
2. We need a budget for the activity. Add: tomorrow.
3. We need a budget for the activity tomorrow. Change: show.
4. We need a budget for the show tomorrow. Add: musical.
5. We need a budget for the musical show tomorrow. Change: on Monday.
6. We need a budget for the musical show on Monday. Add: evening.

\section*{R.E.M.S METHOD ExERCISEG13.9}

\section*{Jumbled Sentence Exercise}

Reorder the following words to make a grammatical sentence.
1. account / an / shop / his / in / I / have.
2. considers / application / teacher / her / to / a / he / be.
3. activity / they / fun / school / yesterday / at / had / a.
4. available / the / now / doctor / is.
5. don't / budget/activity / have / this / for / we / a.

\section*{Open Questions Exercise}

\section*{Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.}
1. Do you have any accounts?
2. What kind of activities do you like?
3. Are you always available on weekends?
4. What is beauty?
5. Who is the most beautiful woman you know?
6. Have you ever bet on a game?
7. Do you have a budget to go on a holiday?
8. What is the cause of war?
```

R.E.M.S METHOD

## VOCABULARY

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.

## Repetition Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He has a chance to study in Japan.
2. The charge for one ticket was $\mathbf{\$ 1 0}$.
3. The effect of daily exercise is a healthy body.
4. We get energy from food.
5. I have an idea about the exam tomorrow.
6. My town is the most ideal place to live.
7. The price of the ticket was an issue.
8. We asked for some information from the police.

## Basic Single-slot Substitution Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. He has a chance to work in China.
2. He has a chance to work in Japan.
3. He has a chance to study in Japan.
4. He has an idea to study in Japan.
5. He has an idea to go to Japan.
6. He has an idea to go to London.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

## Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. We get some energy from food.
2. We get some energy from food and exercise.
3. We get some energy from good food and exercise.
4. We get some energy from good food and daily exercise.
5. We get some energy from eating good food and daily exercise.

## Basic Sentence Expansion Drill

Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.

1. I have an idea about the exam.
2. I have an idea about the exam tomorrow.
3. I have a good idea about the exam tomorrow.
4. I have a good idea about the math exam tomorrow.
5. I have a good idea about the math and English exams tomorrow.
6. I have a good idea about the math and English exams tomorrow morning.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. We asked for some information from the police in the street two days ago. Repeat.
2. We asked for some information from the police in the street two days ago. Transform: what.
3. We asked for some information from the police in the street two days ago. Transform: where.
4. We asked for some information from the police in the street two days ago. Transform: who.
5. We asked for some information from the police in the street two days ago. Transform: when.

## Transformation Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. His death was an issue in our town last year. Repeat.
2. His death was an issue in our town last year. Transform: what.
3. His death was an issue in our town last year. Transform: when.
4. His death was an issue in our town last year. Transform: where.
5. His death was an issue in our town last year. Transform: not.

## Mixed Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

## Page 252

1. He has a chance to work in Japan. Repeat.
2. He has a chance to work in Japan. Add: big.
3. He has a big chance to work in Japan. Change: study.
4. He has a big chance to study in Japan. Add: English.
5. He has a big chance to study English in Japan. Change: teach.

## Mixed Drill

## Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

1. I have an idea about the exam. Repeat.
2. I have an idea about the exam: Add: tomorrow.
3. I have an idea about the exam tomorrow. Change: she.
4. She has an idea about the exam tomorrow. Add: science.
5. She has an idea about the science exam tomorrow. Change: not.
6. She doesn't have an idea about the science exam tomorrow. Add: morning.

## R.E.M.S METHOD ExERCISEG14.9

## Jumbled Sentence Exercise

Reorder the following words to make a grammatical sentence.

1. Japan / chance / study / in / has / he / a / to /.
2. charge / ticket / one / \$10 / the / for / was /.
3. tomorrow / about / idea / have / exam / the / an / I/. 4. most / place / town / my / the / is / live / to / ideal /. 5. death / his / issue / was / an /.

## Open Questions Exercise

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. What do you think is the most ideal place to live in?
2. How do you get your energy every day?
3. How do you get new information?
4. Would you take the chance to live in another country?
```
R.E.M.S METHOD

\section*{VOCABULARY}

Listen and repeat the words and sentences.

Please refer to the definition file.

\section*{Repetition Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. I made a mistake on my science exam yesterday.
2. He gave me the list of students.
3. My father has a problem with his job.
4. The level of the student is high.
5. He has a reason to leave.
6. He made the first step to learn English.
7. The volume of the radio is high.
8. He waited for his turn.
9. She gave respect to her mother and father.

\section*{Pronunciation Repetition Drill}

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.
1. level
2. list
3. respect
4. step
5. reason
6. problem
7. volume
8. customer

\title{
Basic Multiple-slot Substitution Drill
}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. He made a mistake on the exam.
2. She made some mistakes on the exam.
3. She had a problem on the exam.
4. She has a problem at home.
5. She has a reason to go home.
6. He has a reason to go out.
7. They have some reasons to go out.

\section*{Basic Sentence Expansion Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. I made a mistake on my exam.
2. I made a mistake on my science exam.
3. I made a mistake on my science exam yesterday.
4. I made a big mistake on my science exam yesterday.
5. I made a big mistake on my science and math exams yesterday.

\section*{Basic Sentence Expansion Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. My father has a problem.
2. My father has a problem with his job.
3. My father has a big problem with his job.
4. My father has a big problem with his new job.
5. My father has a big problem with his new and difficult job.

\section*{Transformation Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. He had a problem with his customer in the shop this morning. Repeat.
2. He had a problem with his customer in the shop this morning. Transform: who.
3. He had a problem with his customer in the shop this morning. Transform: what.
4. He had a problem with his customer in the shop this morning. Transform: when.
5. He had a problem with his customer in the shop this morning. Transform: where.

\section*{Transformation Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. She had a mistake on her math exam at school two days ago. Repeat.
2. She had a mistake on her math exam at school two days ago. Transform: what.
3. She had a mistake on her math exam at school two days ago. Transform: when.
4. She had a mistake on her math exam at school two days ago. Transform: where.
5. She had a mistake on her math exam at school two days ago. Transform: who.

\section*{Mixed Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}

\section*{Page 264}
1. She had a mistake on the exam. Repeat.
2. She had a mistake on the exam. Add: yesterday.
3. She had a mistake on the exam yesterday. Change: problem.
4. She had a problem on the exam yesterday. Add: at school.
5. She had a problem on the exam at school yesterday. Change: they.
6. They had a problem on the exam at school yesterday. Add: big.

\section*{Mixed Drill}

Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.

\section*{Page 265}
1. The volume of the radio is high. Repeat.
2. The volume of the radio is high. Change: television.
3. The volume of the television is high. Add: small.
4. The volume of the small television is high. Change: low.
5. The volume of the small television is low. Add: new.
6. The volume of the new and small television is low. Change: old.

\section*{Consonant Pronunciation Drill}

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.
1. respect
2. problem
3. volume
4. customer
5. list

\section*{R.E.M.S METHOD ExERCIIEG15.9}

\section*{Jumbled Sentence Exercise}

Reorder the following words to make a grammatical sentence.
1. me / list / the / gave / students / of / he.
2. job / problem / father / his / with / my / has / a.
3. level / student / the / of / the / high / is.
4. radio / high / volume / the / of / the / is.
5. turn / waited / for / he / his.

\section*{Open Questions Exercise}

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.
1. What are your reasons for learning English?
2. What do you think are the steps to learning English better?
3. What are your common mistakes?
4. What are some of the problems in life?
5. Do you make a list of things you want to buy?

\section*{R.E.M.S METHOD REV 5.1}
1. I have an account in his shop.
2. He is considering her application to be a teacher.
3. They had a fun activity at school yesterday.
4. The doctor is available now.
5. We need a big amount of money to go there.
6. The beauty of nature gives a good feeling.
7. He made a bet on the game.
8. We don't have a budget for this activity.
9. This chair is the cause of the pain in my back.

\section*{R.E.M.S METHOD}
1. He has a chance to study in Japan.
2. The charge for one ticket was \(\$ 10\).
3. The effect of daily exercise is a healthy body.
4. We get energy from food.
5. I have an idea about the exam tomorrow.
6. My town is the most ideal place to live.
7. The price of the ticket was an issue.
8. We asked for some information from the police.

\section*{R.E.M.S METHOD}
1. I made a mistake on my science exam yesterday.
2. He gave me the list of students.
3. My father has a problem with his job.
4. The level of the student is high.
5. He has a reason to leave.
6. He made the first step to learn English.
7. The volume of the radio is high.
8. He waited for his turn.
9. She gave respect to her mother and father.

\section*{Basic Sentence Expansion Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}

\section*{Page 272}
1. They had an activity yesterday.
2. They had a fun activity yesterday.
3. They had a fun activity at school yesterday.
4. They had a fun musical activity at school yesterday.
5. They had a fun musical activity at school yesterday afternoon.

\section*{Transformation Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}

\section*{Page 273}
1. They had a fun activity at school yesterday. Repeat.
2. They had a fun activity at school yesterday. Transform: what.
3. They had a fun activity at school yesterday. Transform: when.
4. They had a fun activity at school yesterday. Transform: where.
5. They had a fun activity at school yesterday. Transform: who.

\section*{Basic Sentence Expansion Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and repeat the sentences.}
1. I made a mistake on my exam.
2. I made a mistake on my science exam.
3. I made a mistake on my science exam yesterday.
4. I made a big mistake on my science exam yesterday.
5. I made a big mistake on my science and math exams yesterday.

\section*{Transformation Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. His death was an issue in our town last year. Repeat.
2. His death was an issue in our town last year. Transform: what.
3. His death was an issue in our town last year. Transform: when.
4. His death was an issue in our town last year. Transform: where.
5. His death was an issue in our town last year. Transform: not.

\section*{Mixed Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. She made a mistake on the exam. Repeat.
2. She made a mistake on the exam. Add: yesterday.
3. She made a mistake on the exam yesterday. Change: had, problem.
4. She had a problem on the exam yesterday. Add: at school.
5. She had a problem on the exam at school yesterday. Change: they.
6. They had a problem on the exam at school yesterday. Add: big.

\section*{Pronunciation Repetition Drill}

Listen to the teacher and repeat the words.
1. level
2. list
3. respect
4. step
5. reason
6. problem
7. volume
8. customer

\section*{Jumbled Sentence Exercise}

Reorder the following words to make a grammatical sentence.
1. account / an / shop / his / in / I / have.
2. considers / application / teacher / her / to / a / he / be.
3. activity / they / fun / school / yesterday / at / had / a.
4. available / the / now / doctor / is.
5. don't / budget/activity / have / this / for / we / a.

\section*{Mixed Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. I have an idea about the exam. Repeat.
2. I have an idea about the exam: Add: tomorrow.
3. I have an idea about the exam tomorrow. Change: she.
4. She has an idea about the exam tomorrow. Add: science.
5. She has an idea about the science exam tomorrow. Change: not.
6. She doesn't have an idea about the science exam tomorrow. Add: morning.

\section*{Jumbled Sentence Exercise}

Reorder the following words to make a grammatical sentence.
1. Japan / chance / study / in / has / he / a / to /.
2. charge / ticket / one / \$10 / the / for / was /.
3. tomorrow / about / idea / have / exam / the / an / I /.
4. most / place / town / my / the / is / live / to / ideal /.
5. death / his / issue / was / an /.

\section*{Open Questions Exercise}

Listen and answer the questions in complete sentences.
1. What do you think is the most ideal place to live in?
2. How do you get your energy every day?
3. How do you get new information?
4. Would you take the chance to live in another country?

\section*{Transformation Drill}

\section*{Listen to the teacher and follow the instructions.}
1. She made a mistake on her math exam at school two days ago. Repeat.
2. She made a mistake on her math exam at school two days ago. Transform: what.
3. She made a mistake on her math exam at school two days ago. Transform: when.
4. She made a mistake on her math exam at school two days ago. Transform: where.
5. She made a mistake on her math exam at school two days ago. Transform: who.

\section*{Writing Exercise}

Listen and type the sentences in the chat box.
1. My father has a problem.
2. He has a chance to work in China.
3. She gave respect to her mother and father.
4. The doctor is available now.
5. We get some energy from food.
6. He made a mistake on the exam.```

